

Automatic Calibration of the WDT Time-out Period

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INTRODUCTION

The WDT timer is a simple RC timer with a typical time-out period of about 18 ms. This time-out period is dependent on Voltage, Temperature and Silicon process variations. Hence the tolerance on the time-out period is very wide: Min. of 9 ms to a Max. of 33 ms (please refer to appropriate datasheet for device dependent value). There are applications where an additional timer would be useful as an approximate time keeper, hence getting a more precise value of the WDT time-out is useful. This Tech Brief implements an automatic calibration of the WDT time-out period on start-up.

IMPLEMENTATION

The hardware used for this brief is the PICDEM1 board. It is assumed that the main processor oscillator is an accurate crystal or ceramic resonator running at 4 MHz. The program flowchart is depicted in Figure 1. A check is made to see if a certain **Codebyte** exists, if it does not then a power-up is assumed and the calibration is executed. Note that instead of using the 8-bit wide **CodeByte**, the **PD** bit in the **STATUS** register could also be used for this very same purpose. The calibration uses an internal timed 1 ms interval. To get a better resolution, the WDT is postscaled by 4 in order to measure a longer time period. Every 1 ms interval is kept track by incrementing the **WDTValue**. The WDT will eventually time-out and cause a reset. The value in **WDTValue** is then divided by 4 to get the exact WDT time-out period and displayed as a binary number on PORTB. In order to check for repeatability, just press the reset button on the PICDEM1 board and the whole calibration process will be repeated. A power-down, followed by a power-up will also have the same effect.

CONCLUSION

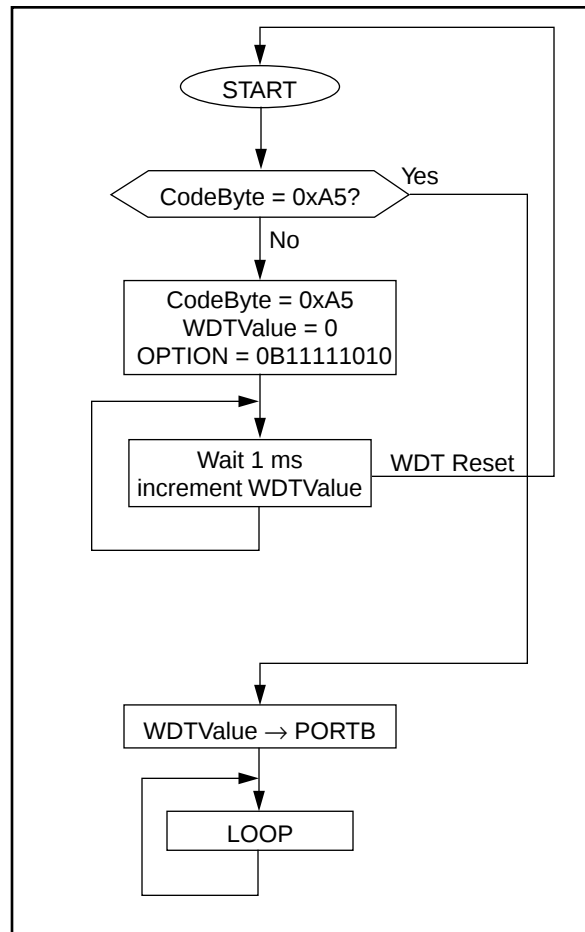
The calibration of the WDT is simple and takes very little overhead in a program. The code in Appendix A is written for a PIC16C84 device, but can be translated to work on any PIC16CXXX product. The code in Appendix B is written for the PIC16C5X family.

RAM Used: 2 Bytes

ROM Used: 50 Words

Execution time: Up to a max. of 132 ms from start-up.

FIGURE 1: PROGRAM FLOWCHART



APPENDIX A:

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```
/* In this example, a PIC16C84s WDT is calibrated on startup
   for better accuracy. Accuracy is exact to +/- 0.25mS.
   The code written in C works on a PICDEM1 board. The WDT
   value is written to PORTB at the end of the calibration.
   The value is in binary. */

#pragma option v
#include <c:\mpc\16c84.h>
#pragma option +1;
#define MAXROM 1019
#pragma memory ROM [MAXROM] @ 0x05;
#pragma memory RAM [36] @ 0x0C;
#pragma option +1;

#include <c:\mpc\delay14.h>

#pragma option +1;

char WdtValue;
chr CodeByte;

void InitPorts(void)
{
    PORTB = 0; //configure PORTB as output
    TRISB = 0;
}

void main(void)
{
    InitPorts();
    if(CodeByte != 0xA5)
    {
        WdtValue = 0;
        CodeByte = 0xA5;
        OPTION = 0B11111010; // set WDT post scaler = 4

        CLRWD();
        while(1)
        {
            Delay_Ms_4MHz(1); // delay for 1mS

            WdtValue++; // count mS
        }
    }
    else
    {
        CodeByte = 0;
    }
}

03FB
0005 03FB
000C 0024

000D
000E

0005 1283 BCF STATUS,RP0
0006 0186 CLRF PORTB
0007 1683 BSF STATUS,RP0
0008 0186 CLRF PORTB
0009 0008 RETURN

000A 2005 CALL 0005h
000B 30A5 MOVLW A5h
000C 1283 BCF STATUS,RP0
000D 0212 SUBWF TMR1L,W
000E 1903 BTFSC STATUS,Z
000F 281E GOTO 001Eh
0010
0010 1283 BCF STATUS,RP0
0011 0191 CLRF PIR2
0012 30A5 MOVLW A5h
0013 0092 MOVWF TMR1L
0014 30FA MOVLW FAh
0015 1683 BSF STATUS,RP0
0016 0081 MOVWF TMR0
0017 0064 CLRWD

0018 3001 MOVLW 01h
0019 202A CALL 002Ah
001A

001A 1283 BCF STATUS,RP0
001B 0A91 INCF PIR2
001C 2818 GOTO 0018h

001D 2827 GOTO 0027h

001E 1283 BCF STATUS,RP0
001F 0192 CLRF TMR1L
```

```

0020 0811    MOVF    PIR2,W                PORTB = WdtValue >> 2;    // divide by 4 for
                                                ;    // exact timeout value

0021 008D    MOVWF   PIR1
0022 0C8D    RRF     PIR1
0023 0C8D    RRF     PIR1
0024 303F    MOVLW   3Fh
0025 050D    ANDWF   PIR1,W
0026 0086    MOVWF   PORTB

                                }
                                while(1)
0027 0064    CLRWDT                CLRWDT();    // loop forever
0028 2827    GOTO    0027h
0029 0008    RETURN                }

                                void Delay_Ms_4MHz(registerw delay)
0000                                {
                                #asm
002A 1283                BCF STATUS, RP0        ;1
002B 008D                MOVWF __WImage        ;1

                                DLMS4M1
                                RADIX DEC    ;Use decimal values
002C 30F9                MOVLW 249            ;1
002D 0084                MOVWF FSR            ;1

                                DLMS4M2
                                ; 4 cycles
002E 0000                NOP                ;1
002F 0B84                DECFSZ FSR          ;1
0030 282E                GOTO    DLMS4M2    ;2

0031 0B8D                DECFSZ __WImage    ;1
0032 282C                GOTO    DLMS4M1    ;2
                                #endasm
0033 0008    RETURN                }

0000 3000    MOVLW   00h
0001 008A    MOVWF   PCLATH
0002 280A    GOTO    000Ah

```

ROM USAGE MAP

```

0000 to 0002    0005 to 0033
Total ROM used 0032

```

```

Errors          :    0
Warnings        :    0

```

APPENDIX B:

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```
/* In this example, a PIC16C54s WDT is calibrated on startup
for better accuracy. Accuracy is exact to +/- 0.25 mS.
The code written in C works on a PICDEM1 board. The WDT
value is written to PORTB at the end of the calibration.
The value is in binary. */

#pragma option v
#include <c:\mpc\16c54.h>
#pragma option +l; // Enable header to show branch islands
#define MAXROM 512
#pragma memory ROM [MAXROM] @ 0x00;
#pragma memory RAM [24] @ 0x08; // Reserve byte for
                                ; // __WImage
#pragma option +l;

#include <c:\mpc\delay12.h>

#pragma option +l;

char WdtValue;
char CodeByte;

void InitPorts(void)
{
    PORTB = 0; //set PORTB as output
    __TRIS(0,PORTB);
}

void main(void)
{
    InitPorts();
    if (CodeByte != 0xA5)

    {
        WdtValue = 0;
        CodeByte = 0xA5;

        __OPTION(0B11111010); // set WDT post scaler = 4

        CLRWD();
        while(1)
        {
            Delay_Ms_4MHz(1); // delay for 1 mS
            WdtValue++; // count 1ms delays
        }
    }
    else

    {
        CodeByte = 0;
        PORTB = WdtValue >> 2; //divide by 4 for exact
                                // timeout value
    }
}

0200
0000 0200
0008 0018

0009
000A

0000 0066 CLR PORTB
0001 0C00 MOVLW 00h
0002 0006 TRIS PORTB
0003 0800 RETLW 00h

0004 0900 CALL 0000h
0005 0CA5 MOVLW A5h
0006 008A SUBWF 0A,W
0007 0643 BTFSC STATUS,Z
0008 0A14 GOTO 0014h
0009
0009 0069 CLR 09
000A 0CA5 MOVLW A5h
000B 002A MOVWF 0A
000C 0CFA MOVLW FAh
000D 0002 OPTION
000E 0004 CLRWD

000F 0C01 MOVLW 01h
0010 091F CALL 001Fh
0011
0011 02A9 INCF 09
0012 0A0F GOTO 000Fh

0013 0A1C GOTO 001Ch

0014 006A CLR 0A
0015 0209 MOVF 09,W

0016 0027 MOVWF PORTC
0017 0327 RRF 07
```

```

0018 0327    RRF      07
0019 0C3F    MOVLW   3Fh
001A 0147    ANDWF   07,W
001B 0026    MOVWF   PORTB
                                }
                                while(1)
001C 0004    CLRWD   CLRWD(); // loop forever
001D 0A1C    GOTO    001Ch
001E 0800    RETLW   00h      }

                                void Delay_Ms_4MHz(registerw delay)
0000                                {
                                #asm
001F 0000                                NOP      ;1
0020 0027                                MOVWF   __WImage      ;1

                                DLMS4M1
                                RADIX DEC   ;Use decimal values
0021 0CF9                                MOVLW   249      ;1
0022 0028                                MOVWF   __FSRImage      ;1

                                DLMS4M2                                ;4 cycles
0023 0000                                NOP      ;1
0024 02E8                                DECFSZ   __FSRImage      ;1
0025 0A23                                goto     DLMS4M2      ;2

0026 02E7                                DECFSZ   __WImage      ;1
0027 0A21                                goto     DLMS4M1      ;2
                                #endasm
0028 0800    RETLW   00h      }

01FF 0A04    GOTO    0004h

```

ROM USAGE MAP

```

0000 to 0028    01FF to 01FF
Total ROM used 002A

```

```

Errors          :    0
Warnings        :    0

```

TB004

NOTES:

NOTES:

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