
PIC[®] MCU KEELOQ[®]/AES Receiver System with Acknowledge

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INTRODUCTION

A number of remote access applications rely on the user verifying if the access point (gate, door, vehicle, etc.) has been properly closed or opened. This application note describes a system by which the access point (receiver) responds back to the remote transmitter with a status message.

SYSTEM OVERVIEW

The system is implemented using the KEELOQ[®] 3 base station board. To add the described functionality to the KEELOQ 3 Development Kit, an add-on kit is used, consisting of a PICtail[™] daughter board module, which features the MRF49XA transceiver and a key fob transmitter module. Both of these modules feature an integrated PCB loop antenna. The system uses a two-way key fob with open and close functions, which simulates the basic functions of a garage door or vehicle lock system. In addition, the key fob has the ability to query the receiver status over-the-air and display the status via the onboard LEDs.

The KEELOQ 3 receiver decodes the key fob transmission and displays the command issued by the key fob. The receiver will respond back to the key fob with the operation result (opened or closed).

RECEIVER FUNCTIONALITY

The receiver implements the main part of the system. It receives commands from the transmitter and sends back Acknowledges or response messages. It implements standard Open and Close functions, plus an additional Status function, which reports back to the transmitter the last known status of the receiver.

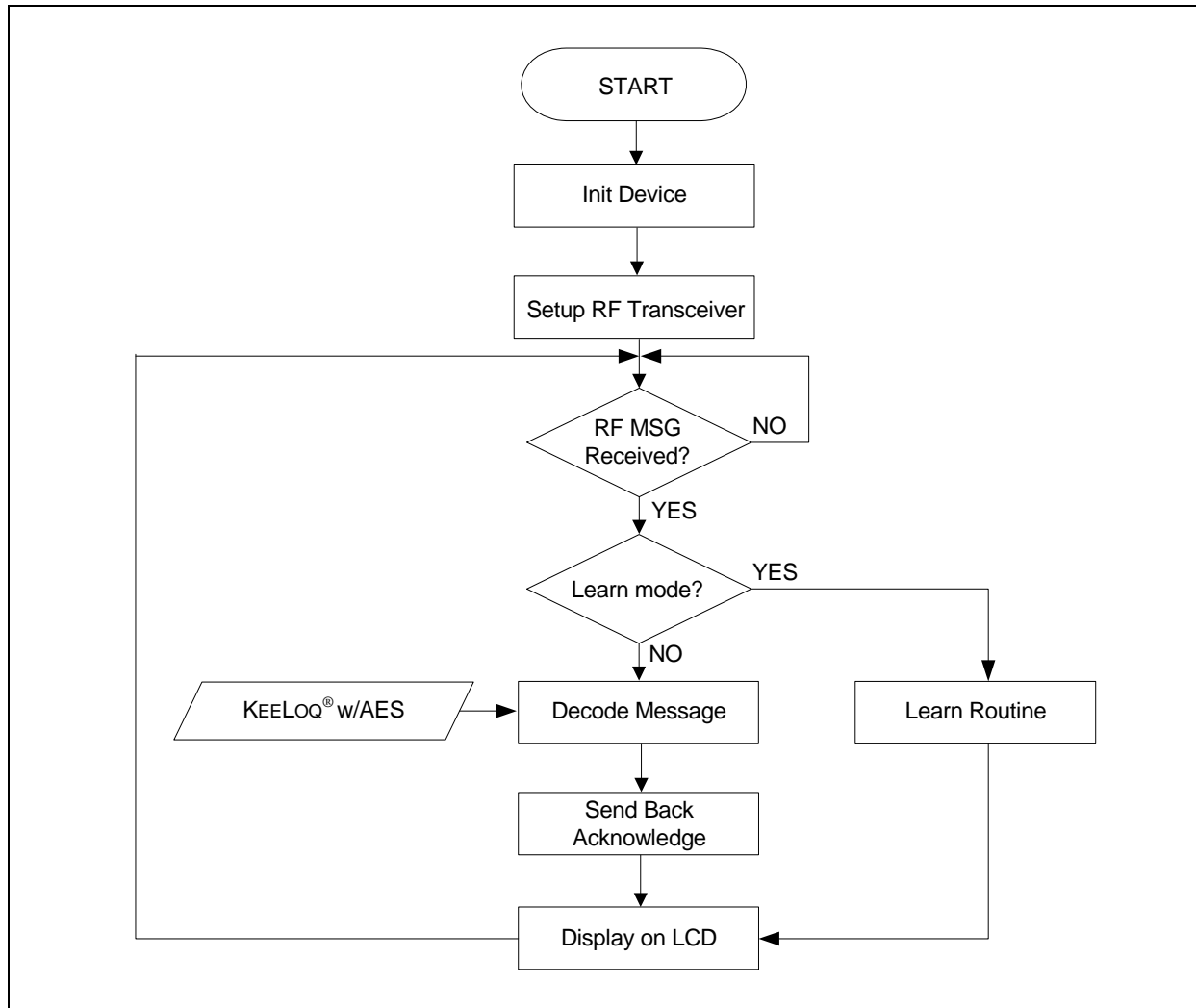
Upon receiving a data packet from the transmitter, the receiver will first verify if it is a known (learned) transmitter. If it is a known transmitter, the data packet is then decrypted. The receiver will acknowledge the received command or send a response.

TRANSMITTER LEARNING

The receiver will respond only to known transmitters. This means that, before a transmitter can be used with a receiver, it must be learned. By learning, we define the process by which the receiver gathers and stores information about a transmitter. This will typically include the serial number and the synchronization counter. If the receiver has this information, then it will be able to generate the key required to decrypt the received message.

Learning is done in two phases. The first phase needs a simple press of a button on the transmitter. This is to get information regarding the serial number and the synchronization counter. A second transmission is required in order to check the validity of the first transmission. If the two synchronization values are consecutive numbers, the transmitter is valid and its data is stored into the EEPROM transmitter database. Starting with the next transmission, the receiver will respond to the transmitter commands. Please note that the receiver will not send any Acknowledge during the learning phase, since the receiver has not yet learned the transmitter. If the automatic retry is enabled, then the second button press is not necessary, since the transmitter will retry automatically. If the feature is not enabled, a second button press is necessary.

FIGURE 1: RECEIVER FIRMWARE FLOWCHART



RECEIVER ACKNOWLEDGE

After receiving a valid packet, the receiver will respond with another data packet. This will consist of either an Acknowledge or a response message. The receiver will send an Acknowledge message to commands, such as OPEN or CLOSE. The command that reads the last known status will cause the receiver to respond with the appropriate information, such as (successfully) OPENED or CLOSED. The receiver must respond to the transmitter as soon as possible. After the transmitter has sent a command, it goes to Reception

mode and waits for a period of time for a valid response. As soon as the receiver decodes and validates the data packet, it sends back an Acknowledge packet to the transmitter. If a valid response is received by the transmitter, it is displayed using the onboard LEDs. It is important that this wait period be as short as possible, because keeping the transceiver in Reception mode adds to the overall power consumption. The time needed for encryption/decryption must also be taken into account. The Acknowledge data format is slightly different from the one used by the transmitter (Table 1).

TABLE 1: AES KNOWLEDGE FORMAT

Non-encrypted Portion	Encrypted Portion				
32 bits Serial Code	Function 16 bits	Serial 32 bits	User Value 32 bits	Counter 32 bits	CRC 16 bits

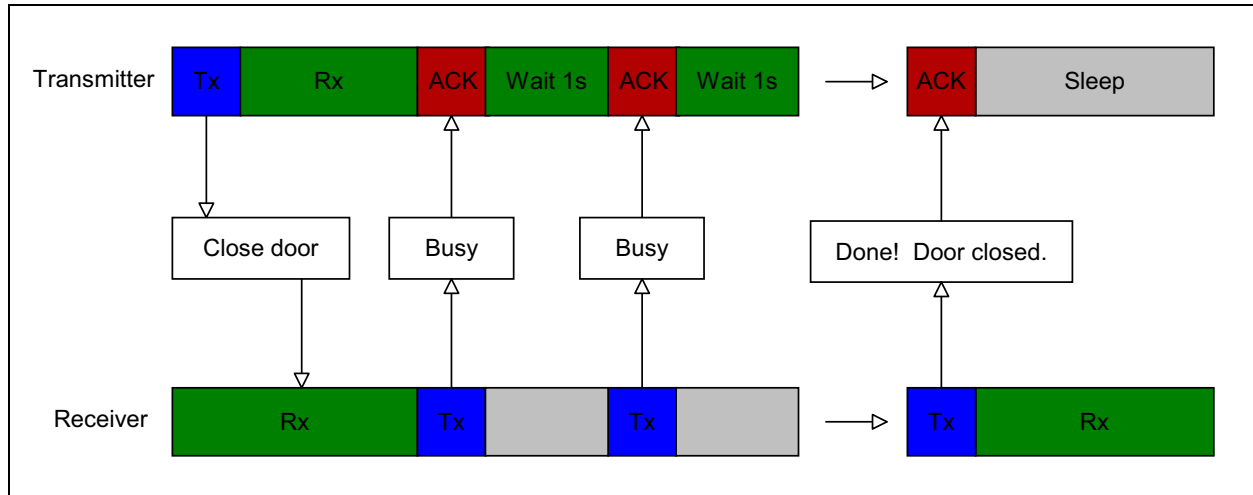
WORK IN PROGRESS STATUS INDICATION

After the transmission of a packet, the transmitter will wait for acknowledge within a specified time period. If it does not receive any Acknowledge from the receiver (the base unit), it will resend a new packet (if this feature is activated). There are times when the receiver needs time to complete an action (such as a garage door open/close, or an electric door lock). Thus, the

Acknowledge cannot be sent immediately, since the receiver needs time to complete the action. During this time, the receiver will send a “work in progress” status indication to the transmitter. Upon receiving this status indication, the transmitter will prolong the time it waits for acknowledge before going to Sleep. After the open/close operation has completed, the receiver will send an OPEN/CLOSE Acknowledge.

For a more intuitive representation, refer to Figure 2.

FIGURE 2: WORK IN PROGRESS STATUS INDICATION



MRF49XA RADIO CONFIGURATION

The radio link parameters in the MRF49XA are set to a default configuration that is adequate for the majority of applications. The baud rate is 9600 bps, using an FSK modulation with deviation of 60 kHz. For a more detailed description on how to setup the MRF49XA, please refer to AN1252, “Interfacing the MRF49XA Transceiver to PIC® Microcontrollers”.

The following considerations were made to select the MRF49XA Configuration Words.

The configuration considers the use of standard 30ppm crystal accuracy. Such a crystal will generate a frequency error of:

EQUATION 1:

$$\Delta f_0 = \frac{30ppm}{10^6} * 915 * 10^6 = 27.45kHz$$

The deviation can now be calculated:

EQUATION 2:

$$\Delta f_{FSK} = 9600 + 2 * \Delta f_0 + 10 * 10^3$$

For the above values, we get a result of 74.5 kHz. The closest deviation supported by the MRF49XA transceiver is 75 kHz. For a maximum power output and a 75 Hz deviation, a value of 0x9840 is loaded into the TXCREG register.

Now, we can calculate the baseband bandwidth:

EQUATION 3:

$$BBBW = deviation * 2 - 10 * 10^3 Hz$$

For the above values, we get a result of 140 kHz. Picking a BBBW of 200 kHz, an RSSI of minus 97 dBm, and a maximum LNA gain, we get a value of 0x9481 to be loaded into the RXCREG register.

This code to configure the transceiver is contained in module MRF49XA.c.

KEY GENERATION

The KEELQ encryption algorithm uses a 128-bit key to encrypt/decrypt 128 bits of message. The key generation algorithm uses the decryption routines to generate the key.

To generate the encryption key, the manufacturer key and the serial number (received in plain text) are used as inputs to the receiver. The serial number is padded with 0xA5A5A5A5 and 0x5A5A5A5A (Equation 4).

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EQUATION 4:

$$KEY = AESDescription(0xA5A5A5A5//0x5A5A5A5A//SerialCode//0x00000000)$$

RECEIVER I²C™ COMMAND INTERFACE

A standard I²C communication is provided. This allows the receiver to be controlled by an external master device. This allows the receiver to be integrated into a larger automation system. The receiver acts as a slave device on the I²C bus. A set of I²C registers is implemented to read and write data to the receiver (Table 2).

TABLE 2: I²C™ REGISTERS IMPLEMENTED BY THE RECEIVER

Register	Description
0x01	The last received data packet (decoded).
0x02	Sets the On/Off status of the LEDs.
0x03	The length of the last received data packet. Used to determine the type of encryption used.
0x04	Last error. This indicates the result of the most recent operation. Typical values will contain information such as: valid packet received, learn operation successful, learn operation fail, etc.

FIRMWARE MODULES

The following files make up the KEELOQ receiver firmware:

- `main.c`: this file contains the main loop routine, as well as the wake-up, debounce, read configuration, load transmit buffer and transmit routines.
- `packet.c`: this file loads the transmit buffer according to the encryption algorithm.
- `MRF49XA.c`: this file contains all the functions that control the MRF49XA transceiver.
- `counter.c`: this file loads the synchronization counter, checks its validity and automatically corrects any errors.
- `encryption.c`: this file contains the functions that provide the encryption algorithm. Because of statutory export license restrictions on encryption software, the source code listings for the AES algorithms are not provided here.

These applications may be ordered from Microchip Technology Inc. through its sales offices, or through the corporate web site: www.microchip.com.

FIRMWARE CONFIGURATION

The transmitter firmware is fully configurable. The encryption algorithm can be changed very easily. All the necessary functions and definitions are contained in the `encryption.c` and `encryption.h` modules. Changing the encryption algorithm is as simple as replacing the above module and recompiling the source code.

AES (Advanced Encryption Standard) was developed in the 1990's to replace the widely-used DES. AES algorithm is also called the "Rijndael" algorithm, after its designers. AES is currently adopted by the National Institute of Standards and Technology. Rijndael/AES is a symmetric block cipher that utilizes a single key to encrypt data. The implementation of AES in this application note is based on a 16-byte block of data and a 16-byte key size, as described in application note AN1044, "Data Encryption Routines for PIC24 and dsPIC® Devices."

CONCLUSION

The proposed transmitter/receiver system enables a two-way communication for the Remote Keyless Entry systems. The receiver acknowledges every command by sending back data to the key fob transmitter. The system is very flexible and allows different encryption algorithms to be used within the same receiver. The interface with the radio transceiver is also flexible, allowing easy modifications to suit different devices. The receiver is also controllable via the I²C port, enabling the receiver to be controlled by an external controller.

Also, the firmware is modular, allowing fast new encryption algorithms implementation, adding new features and changing for another radio transceiver.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Microchip's Secure Data Products are covered by some or all of the following:

Code hopping encoder patents issued in European countries and U.S.A.

Secure learning patents issued in European countries, U.S.A. and R.S.A.

REVISION HISTORY

Revision B (June 2011)

- Added new section **Additional Information**
- Minor formatting and text changes were incorporated throughout the document

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NOTES:

Note the following details of the code protection feature on Microchip devices:

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